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Chapter 25 Guided Notes Assignment

**KEY PEOPLE, CONCEPTS, DEVELOPMENTS, IDEAS:**

*Pay particular attention to the items in this section as you read. At the conclusion of the chapter you should have a working understanding of these items.*

Great Depression

American Stock Market Crash of 1929

British Union of Fascists

John Maynard Keynes

Fascism

Corporative State

Ustasa (Insurrection) Party

French Popular Front

Franz Von Papen

Stormtroopers (S.A.)

Herman Goring

Night of the Long Knives

Hitler Youth

Exhibition of Degenerative Art

Nuremberg Laws

Lebensraum

Italian Invasion of Ethiopia

Stresa Front

Spanish Civil War

Second Spanish Republic

General Francisco Franco

Loyalists vs. Nationalists

The Axis

Anschluss

Molotov-Ribbentrop Pact

**KEY QUESTIONS:**

1. What were the long term causes of the Great Depression?
2. How did Western governments respond to the Depression? How successful were these approaches? What course of action did John Maynard Keynes champion?
3. What is fascism? How does it differ from traditional conservatism or right-wing authoritarianism?
4. How did Mussolini use corporatism to increase the power of his fascist state?
5. Why was there no fascist take over in France?
6. How did Hitler come to power? What long term factors in German political life made his dictatorship possible? Why did some in Germany see this as a better alternative to parliamentary republicanism?
7. Once in power, how did Hitler consolidate Nazi control over Germany and the German people?
8. How were German Jews initially impacted by Hitler’s rise to power?
9. To what extent were Mussolini and Hitler natural allies?
10. Why did Hitler ally with Italy, Russia and Japan?
11. Why did England and France “appease” Hitler?
12. What caused the Spanish Civil War? What was its international significance?
13. What caused World War II?

**CHAPTER OUTLINE**

**I. THE EUROPE OF ECONOMIC DEPRESSION AND DICTATORSHIP**

* 1. Economics in Crisis
		1. The Great Depression
		2. Gradual European Economic Revival
	2. The Dynamics of Fascism
		1. Mussolini and Fascism in Italy
		2. Hitler and the Rise of the Nazis in Germany
		3. Right-Wing Authoritarian Movements in Eastern Europe
		4. Fascism in Austria
		5. The Popular Front in France Against the Far Right
		6. Fascism in the Low Countries and Britain
	3. The Third Reich
		1. The Collapse of the Weimar Republic
		2. The Nazi State
		3. Hitler’s New Reich and the Jews
		4. Hitler’s Foreign Policy
		5. The Fuhrer and the Duce
		6. Remilitarization and Rearmament
	4. The Soviet Union Under Stalin
		1. Five-Year Plans
		2. Soviet Culture
		3. “Darkness at Noon”: Stalin’s Purges
	5. The Spanish Civil War
		1. Social and Political Instability
		2. The Struggle between Loyalists and Nationalists
	6. Conclusion