

The Later Reformation and The 30 Years War

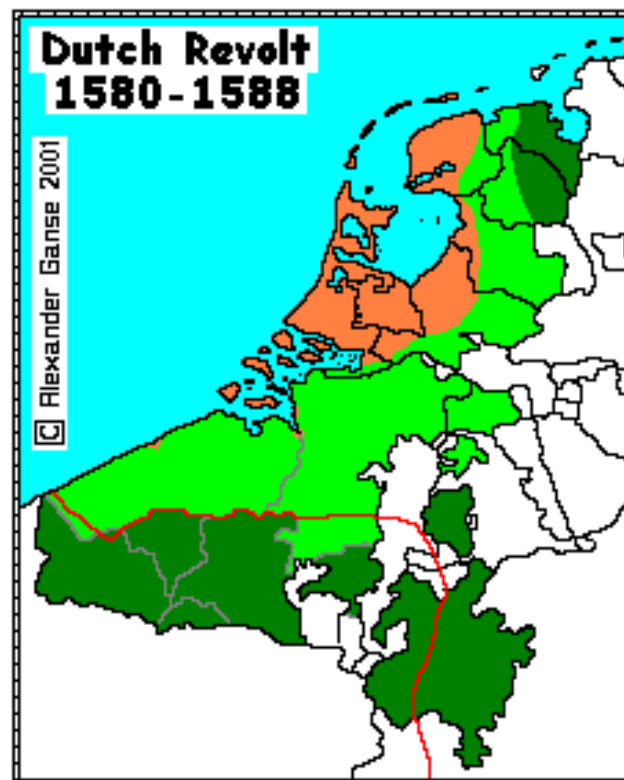
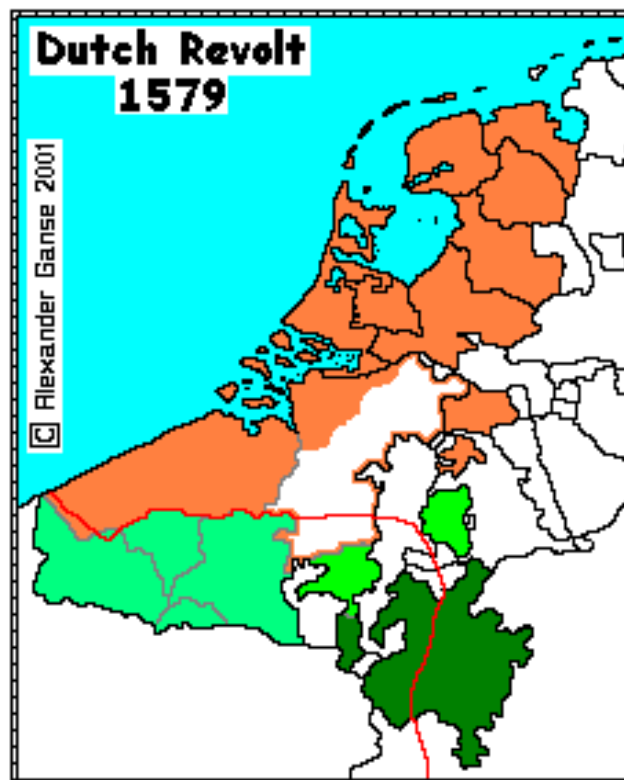
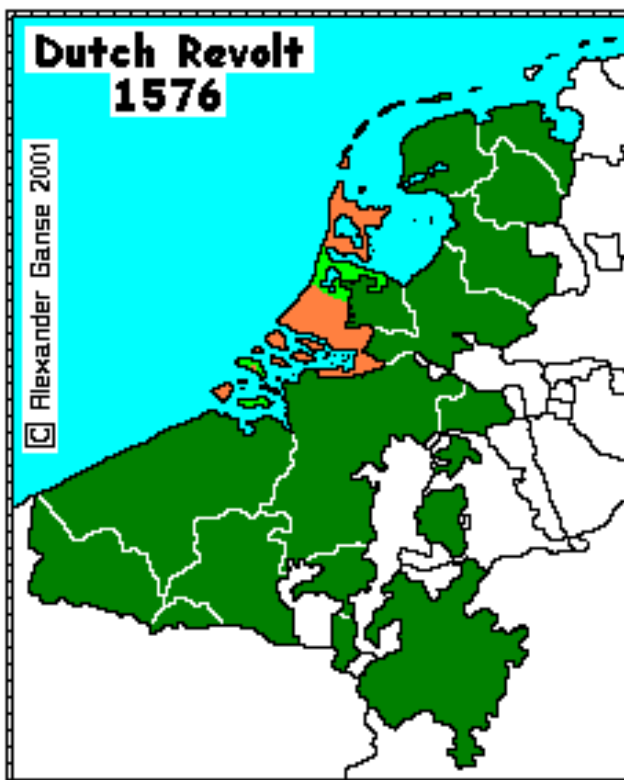


Know These Wars!

- The Dutch Revolt
- Spanish Armada's attack on England
- French Wars of Religion
- Thirty Years' War
- English Civil War

Major Events

- The Act of Supremacy (1534) (ENG)
- Founding of the Jesuits (1540) (Catholics)
- The Council of Trent (1545-1563) (Catholics)
- The Augsburg Peace (1555) (HRE)
- The St. Bartholomew's Day Massacre (1572) (FR)
- The War of the 3 Henrys (1587-89) (FR)
- The defeat of the Spanish Armada (1588) (ENG-SP)
- The Edict of Nantes 1598 (FR)
- Formation of the Protestant League (1608) (HRE)
- Formation of the Catholic League (1609) (HRE)



- held by Spain
- held by the Rebels
- Spanish conquest

- held by Spain
- Union of Utrecht
- Spanish conquest
- Union of Arras

- held by Spain
- Union of Utrecht
- Spanish conquest

- held by Spain
- Union of Utrecht
- Liberated by the Dutch

France and the Wars of Religion



The Peace of Augsburg 1555

- “Cuius Regio eius religio” –Whose religion, his religion
- Allowed the religion of each region to be determined by the ruler of that region of the HRE
- DID NOT include Calvinism, only Lutherans and Catholics
- Calvinists did exist and ignored Augsburg especially the leaders of the Palatinate
- Caused mass movement around the HRE, enforcement was exceedingly difficult leading to continued violence

Reformation Europe

c. Calvin's death in 1564



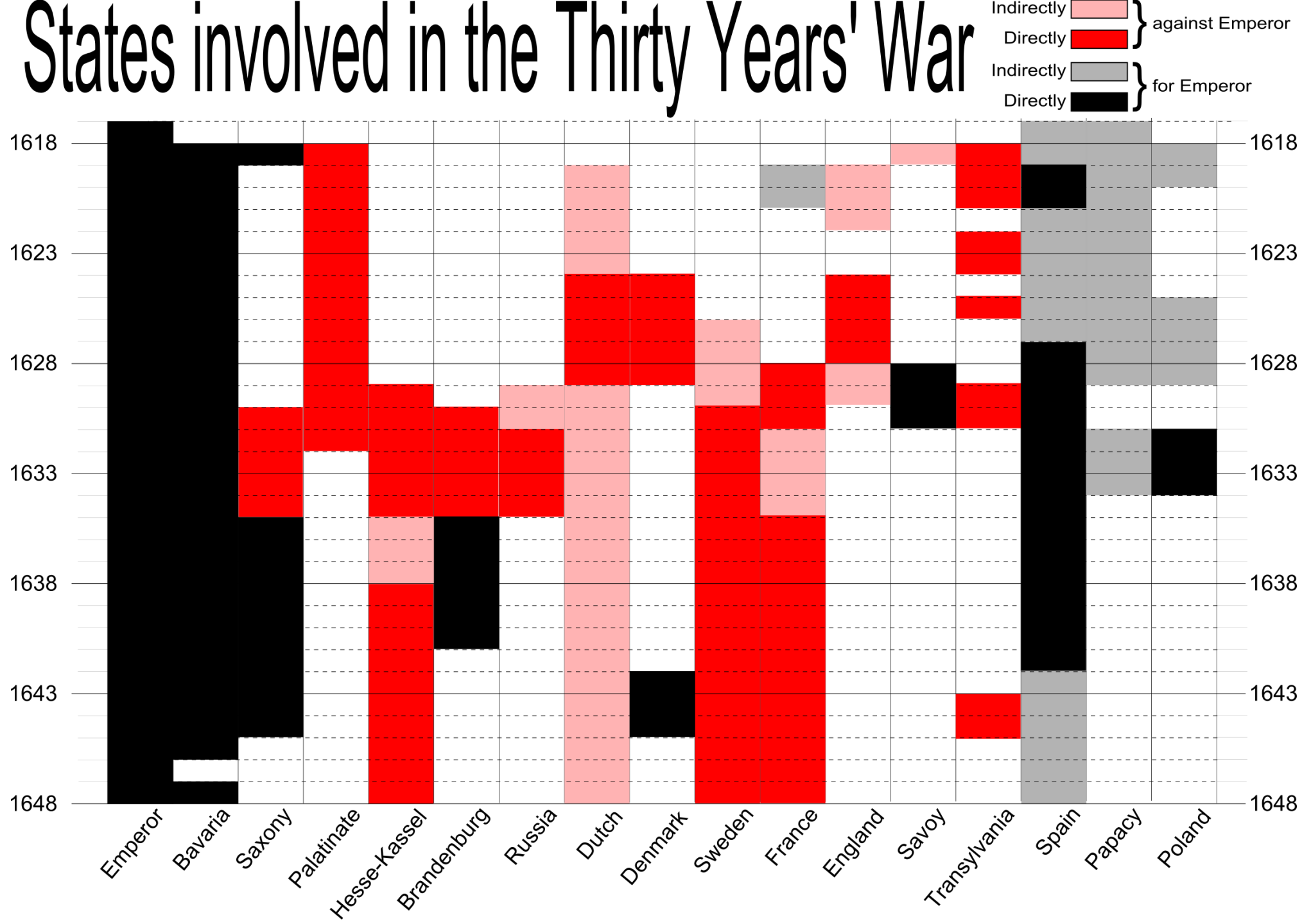
“Defenestration of Prague” (1618) triggered the war in Bohemia



ALSO TRIGGERED



States involved in the Thirty Years' War



30 Years War SAQ

The 30 Years War marked a major turning point in European history.

Identify and explain ONE military impact of the war.

Identify and explain ONE social impact of the war.

Identify and explain ONE political impact of the war.

Bonus:

Identify and explain ONE religious impact of the war.

Europe in 1648

After the Peace of Westphalia

Changes and Outcomes:

Independent Portugal
Independent Dutch Republic
Swiss Federation out of the HRE
Prussia inside HRE gains land
Emperor more limited than before
Edict of Restitution abandoned



Seminar Questions

1. To what extent was the 30 Years War a religious war?
To what extent was it political?
2. Why were various outside powers willing to get involved AND with what effect?
3. Why, according to the author, did the 30 Years War last so long? Do you agree with this point of view?
4. To what extent should we view this war as a turning point in European history?
5. Are there lessons from the 30 Years War that can be applied to present day situations? Discuss.